REMARKS

The above changes in the claims merely place this national phase application in the same condition as it was during the international phase, with the multiple dependencies being removed.

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE".

> Respectfully submitted, YOUNG & THOMPSON

By Benoît Castel

Attorney for Applicants Registration No. 35,041 Customer No. 00466 745 South 23rd Street Arlington, VA 22202 Telephone: 703/521-2297

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VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

The claims have been amended as follows:

- 5. (Amended) Binder according to any one of claims 1 to 4claim 1, characterized in that it is quasi-free from free residual MgO, at least as it can be observed on X-ray diffraction spectrum for the binder.
- 6. (Amended) Binder according to any one of claims 1 to 5claim 1, characterized in that it has the following chemical composition by dry weight of the binder:

- lime CaO : 4 to 12%

- magnesia MgO : 19 to 23%

- alumina Al_2O_3 : 69 to 74%.

- 8. (Amended) Binder according to any one of claims 1 to 7claim 1, characterized in that it comprises a SiO₂ content of less than 0.5% of the binder by dry weight.
- 9. (Amended) Binder according to any one of claims 1 to 8 claim 1, characterized in that it has a Blaine area surface at least equal to $3000 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g}$.
- 10. (Amended) Use of a binder according to $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ for producing a refractory concrete.

- of claims 10 to claim 12, characterized in that it is used in the manufacture of steel ladles (1), preferably for wear linings (5) of such steel ladles (1).14. (Amended) Process for producing a binder according to any one of claims 1 to 9 claim 1, characterized in that the binder is made through frittering by burning of a blend of raw materials comprising dolomite, alumina and magnesia.
- 16. (Amended) Process according to any one of claims 14 or 15claim 14, characterized in that alumina is metallurgical.
- 17. (Amended) Process according to any one of claims 14 to 16claim 14, characterized in that magnesia is reactive, preferably caustic, and has advantageously a grain size 100% lower than 100 μ m, preferably lower than 40 μ m.
- 18. (Amended) Process according to any one of claims 14 to 17claim 14, characterized in that, before burning, the raw materials are milled up to a grain size corresponding to a 2% maximum rejection in a sieve of 65 μ m.
- 19. (Amended) Process according to any one of claims 14 to 18 claim 14, characterized in that burning is carried out at a temperature comprised between 1400°C and 1600°C.

20. (Amended) Process according to any one of claims 14 to 19claim 14, characterized in that the degree of progression of the burning is evaluated by measuring the free magnesia content by dry weight of the mixture.